# Spotting Procedures



## degree of difficulty

1 (easiest – complete removal likely)
5 (extremely difficult to remove- limited expectation of success).

1

2





## Shoe Polish

### Description

This procedure will work on both paste and liquid types of shoe polish. Use for spills or polish transferred from shoes.

#### **Tools Required**

- Hot water extraction equipment
- Gum Getter or spotting spatula
- White cotton colorfast towels

#### **Chemicals Required**

- Bridgepoint P.I.G.
- Bridgepoint Solvent Clean
- Bridgepoint Protein Spotter
- Bridgepoint StainZone

#### **Procedures**

- 1. Remove as much as possible without spreading the stain. Do this before any chemical is applied or before getting the stain wet. You may be able to use a blunt knife or spoon, carpet cleaning spatula, bone scraper or similar. Then use a white paper towel or white cotton cloth to wipe the tufts from the bottom to the top to remove as much polish as possible. Getting the carpet wet before removing most of the polish can make the stain impossible to completely remove.
- 2. Apply **P.I.G.** solvent to the stain. Allow 1 minute or so dwell time.
- 3. Cover with a white cotton towel and tamp with tamping brush.

- 4. Repeat steps 2 and 3 using a clean portion of the towel as long as ity continues to remove some of the polish.
- 5. Apply Solvent Clean
- 6. Allow 3 minutes dwell time
- 7. Extract with vacuum only, no water
- 8. If stain remains, apply **Protein Spotter**, work into spot, allow a few minutes dwell time
- 9. Extract with hottest water available
- 10. If color remains, liberally apply **Stain Zone** Gently work it into the carpet. Keep stain damp with **Stain Zone** for up to 12 hours. Any remaining color should gradually lighten and disappear.

